

Physical Education Medium-term Planning 2024-2025

Year Nursery	Subject PE	Academic Year	2024-2025
Prior Knowledge	End Point		Key Vocabulary
Personal, Social and Emotional Development Establish their sense of self. Express preferences and decisions. They also try new things and start establishing their autonomy. Look back as they crawl or walk away from their key person. Look for clues about how to respond to something interesting. Play with increasing confidence on their own and with other children, because they know their key person is nearby and available. Feel confident when taken out around the local neighbourhood and enjoy exploring new places with their key person. Physical Development Lift their head while lying on their front. Push their chest up with straight arms. Roll over: from front to back, then back to front. Enjoy moving when outdoors and inside. Sit without support. Begin to crawl in different ways and directions. Pull themselves upright and bouncing in preparation for walking. Reach out for objects as co-ordination develops. Pass things from one hand to the other. Let go of things and hand them to another person, or drop them. Gradually gain control of their whole body through continual practice of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling and walking. Clap and stamp to music. Fit themselves into spaces, like tunnels, dens and large boxes, and move around in them. Enjoy starting to kick, throw and catch balls. Build independently with a range of appropriate resources. Begin to walk independently — choosing appropriate props to support at first. Walk, run, jump and climb — and start to use the stairs independently. Spin, roll and independently use ropes and swings (for example, tyre swings). Use large and small motor skills to do things independently, for example manage buttons and zips, and pour drinks. Show an increasing desire to be independent, such as wanting to feed themselves and dress or undress. Expressive Arts and Design Move and dance to music.	Personal, Social and Emotional Development Select and use activities and resources, with help where to achieve a goal they have chosen or one which is sugged. Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are im Do not always need an adult to remind them of a rule. Physical Development Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, bikes) and ball skills. Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feed. Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like music. Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for a Are increasingly able to use and remember sequences and patter related to music and rhythm. Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on the choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel. Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving safely, carrying large hollow blocks. Show a preference for a dominant hand. Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undresse coats on and doing up zips. Expressive Arts and Design Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and what halk about dance and performance art, expressing the responses.	pested to them. portant. trikes and et. cal statues. themselves, or in teams. erns of music that are e setting. For example, they in its length and width. mple, choosing a a long plank d. For example, putting	Balance, control, fast, high, jump, link, low, movement, music, pattern, roll, sequence, shape, slow, speed, timing, travel Dance, twist, turn, rhythm, step, music, beat, stretch, feet, curl, high, low, fast, slow Crawl, step, feet, alternate, one foot, balance, stand, stop, reach, stretch, hold, carry, touch, crawl, jump, roll Step, feet, alternate, one foot, balance, stand, stop, reach, stretch, hold, carry, touch crawl, jump, roll, hands, feet, weight, roll, slide, slither, apparatus, low, pause, prepare, anticipate, freeze, high, low, switch, agility, music, beat Agility, alternate, anticipate, apparatus, balance, beat, carry, crawl, feet, freeze, grip, hands, high, hold, jump, low, music, one foot, pause, prepare, reach, roll, slide, slither, stand, step, stop, stretch, switch, touch, weight



	Sequence of Learning	Sequence of Learning Gymnastics Unit 1	Sequence of Learning Dance Unit 1	Sequence of Learning Body Management Unit 1	Sequence of Learning Speed, agility and travel Unit 1	Sequence of Learning Manipulation and co-ordination - Unit 1
1	The first half term of Nursery focuses on children settling into the class and getting to know the school. Short PE sessions, when the children are ready, will consist of taking off our	-Listen and respond appropriately to instructions -Move in a variety of ways, changing speed and direction -Apply simple understanding of shape and space	-Explore colour stimulus using a range of actions -Choreograph a short sequence combining a range of actions -Describe how actions relate to the stimulus	-Balance beanbags on different body parts -Carry Beanbags over obstacles and attempt to balance -Change direction whilst balancing beanbags	-Move forwards, backwards and sideways at speed. -Improve speed through practice -Demonstrate agility in a variety of games	-Copy, repeat and practise a variety of balloon handling activities -Co-ordinate limbs to carry out defined movements and actions
2	shoes and putting on plimsolls, listening games and ring games.	-Jump and rebound on and off low apparatus -Work with a partner to jump in unison -Create a simple jumping sequence	-Explore animal stimulus using a range of levels and direction -Choreograph a short sequence combining a range of levels and direction -Demonstrate ability to work with others to develop a sequence	-Move through hoops using a variety of movements -Work with others and practice to move through hoops -Follow pathways with hoops	-Participate in chasing games safely and with control-Perform as part of a team in running games -Recognise and follow instructions to participate in different running and chasing games	-Translate balloon control skills to managing ball with hands -Reproduce movements with a ball bilaterally -Rolling a ball with accuracy
3		-Balance beanbag in as many different ways on the body as possible -Move and roll a ball around the body with control -Work as part of a team to transfer balls, beanbags and hoops	-Explore theme park stimulus using unison and canon -Choreograph a short sequence combining unison and canon -Demonstrate the ability to perform a sequence in a group or with a partner using unison and canon	-Reach and stretch to retrieve and place objects -Move equipment from one place to another	-Respond to cues to change direction -Make choices about changing direction in games	-Reproduce movements with a ball bilaterally with feet -Practise making contact with a ball using feet and legs
4		-Work on apparatus stations to develop travelling skills on various parts of the body -Move over, under, around, through, on and off apparatus and incorporate balances	Explore season theme using expression and creativity -Choreograph a short sequence with an awareness of expression -Demonstrate understanding and knowledge of how to compose a sequence	-Step and stride across different distances and change direction -create bridges and tunnels -Work with others to travel through tunnels	-Explore a variety of ways to start movement -Explore different ways of stopping showing control	-Respond to cues to change between, hopping, steeping and jumping -Co-ordinate feet to practice hop, step and jump sequences
5		-Develop body awareness moving limbs together and in isolation -Show ability to copy and repeat simple patterns -Use basic equipment to demonstrate co-ordinated moves	-Explore transport theme using dynamics -Choreograph a short sequence combining a range of dynamics -Demonstrate some knowledge of dance composition	-Negotiate high and low apparatus travelling over and under -Use a variety of ways of travel over apparatus -Lay out objects for a partner to retrieve	-Recognise fast and slow movements -Perform two animals moving fast and two animals moving slow	-Watch, copy and repeat ways of sending, receiving and carrying -Find new ways/make choices of ways to send, receive and carry objects by self and with partner
6		-Discover and perform simple shapes -Explore balancing in a variety of ways	-Explore 'people' theme using mirroring and follow the leader -Work in a small group to create a dance sequence based around people -Understanding the difference between mirroring and follow the leader	-Create shapes with our bodies -Work with a partner to create shapes -Link more than one shape together	-Show how to stop and perform actions -Move and stop appropriately on cue	-Listen, respond and coordinate hands and feet to touch a target -Send and stop objects using hands and feet.





	Sequence of Learning	Sequence of Learning Gymnastics Unit 2	Sequence of Learning Dance Unit 2	Sequence of Learning Body Management Unit 2	Sequence of Learning Speed, agility and travel Unit 2	Sequence of Learning Manipulation and co-ordination - Unit 2
1	The first half term of Reception focuses on children settling into the class and getting to know the school and the school rules Short PE sessions, with a focus of	-Discover shapes and ways to travel -Choose shapes and different ways of travelling -Link 2 shapes and 2 ways of travelling to make short movement patterns	-Discover how to move and keep time to beats of 8 -Work with others to move to a beat of 8 -Follow a movement pattern with a partner in time with the music	-Experiment with twisting and turning and beginning to roll -Perform roll demonstrating some body control -Transition from roll to crawl to slither	-Move objects at speed -Play games in an organised manner taking turns -Send and receive a ball	-Take part in a variety of parachute games -Listen to and follow instructions
2	independent changing for PE, listening games and ring games.	-To demonstrate previous lessons shapes and movements -To be able to perform an egg roll and a log roll -To add 2 rolls to previous movement pattern	-Work in a pair and perform to counts of 8 -Use correct handhold for promenade -Recognise and perform different roles within the dance	Follow a pathway using a variety of stepping patterns -Follow simple instructions to coordinate limbs -Show control to hold body shape	-Move by inching, crawling and jumping -Follow, copy and repeat fast and slow actions -Link fast and slow travel movements	-Perform a variety of collecting, moving and placing actions -Perform actions with a variety of equipment
3		-To travel in different directions and pathways -To follow a partner through different pathways -To show increased body control when rolling	-Perform as part of a group a Circassian circle dance -Perform confidently with a partner -Recall, remember and repeat a phrase of dance	-Explore working with a stimulus of music -Follow jumping patterns -Jump in combination	-Use different types of jumps Jump on, off and over with speed and control -Recognise which jumps are easier and which are harder	-Use own baton to hot a variety of objects in different ways -Play simple invasion games using a baton to score and save goals
4		-Identify different part of the body to balance on -Discuss what it means to balance -Discover points and patches	-Recap how to move and keep a time of beats of 8 -Copy and repeat 4 actions -Perform actions to music	-Jump for height on to apparatus with confidence -Jump accurately with control -Land with control	-Perform circle dances as part of a group -Recognise cues in lyrics to change actions	-Using baton and different body parts steer objects to targets -Combine steering with others actions using bilateral movements
5		-Include points and patches in the Giant's story -Perform their story to music -Say what they like about other pupils stories	-Remember and recall four dance actions from the previous week -Explore two new dance actions -(Some) begin to perform in a circle formation	-Travel along a variety of equipment using different modes of locomotion -Incorporate stretch, shapes and rolls	-Perform with agility and strength in a variety of runs -Use strength to maintain a body shape	-Practise and perform a variety of skips with and without a rope -Recognise the difference between jumps, skips and hops
6		-Choose three points or patch balances from the Giant's story -Link balances by travelling along pathways -To use a start and finish shape	-Perform six animal actions as a group -Incorporate change of direction and pathway -Use gesture to signify the start of your dance	-Work as part of a team to perform -Perform basic actions learned together with others	-Work as a team to complete an obstacle course in the quickest time possible -Identify appropriate actions to complete tasks quickly and efficiently -Demonstrate agility in an obstacle course	-Roll, spin, rotate, throw, catch hoops -Work with self and others to control hoops in a variety of ways



Year	1	Subject	PE	Academic Year 2024-2025	
Prior Knowledge	,	End Point		Key Vocabulary	
Gym unit 1: Experi Has developed cor Attack, Defend, Sh beanbags and hoo basics of these ski Dance Unit 1: Folk repeated simple ac Send and Return -	wed simple instructions. Moved using simple rhythms and actions. Copied and	Pupils moven increas and ac opportribalanc and wire They s compe agains physica	should develop fundamental ment skills, become singly competent and confident coess a broad range of funities to extend their agility, see and coordination, individually ith others. Should be able to engage in settive (both against self and st others) and co-operative all activities, in a range of singly challenging situations.	Gymnastics: balance, body tension, carry, control, extension, fast, hang, high, jump, like, link, low, movement, muscles, music, pattern, relaxation, roll, sequence, shape, slow, speed, strength, timing, travel, rock turn. Dance: beat, curl, dance, fast, feet, high, low, music, rhythm, step, stretch, swing, turn, twist, slow, compose, choose, select, emotions, canon, rhyme, theme, character, round, respond. Attack, Defend, Shoot: Attack, catch, compete, defend, over-arm, play against, receive, rolling, send, throw, under-arm, cooperate, fluency, heart rate, outwit, physical activity, pitch. Send and Return: Hit, collect, stop, net, throw, roll, strike, catch, bowl, feed, pick	
Run, Jump, Throw beanbags. Can use direction. Able to w Dance - Unit 2: Re and speeds. Exper Attack, Defend, Sh and retrieved a roll Send and Return - towards a moving limit. Catch, Run - U roll and follow a roll Run, Jump, Throw of running which in objects over long of Hit, Catch, Run - U	2: Identified and used simple gymnastics actions and shapes. Applied basic of gymnastics actions. Began to carry and move gymnastics apparatus - Unit 1: Pupils will have experienced sending a variety of balls, quoits and a range of gross motor skills, e.g. jumping, hopping, stepping, and changing alk, run and travel at a variety of speeds. spond to a range of stimuli and types of music. Explore space, direction, levels iment creating actions and performing movements with different body parts boot - Unit 2: Have experienced hitting an object with hand or bat. Have tracked ing ball. Practised throwing and catching a variety of balls and objects. Unit 2: Send objects with increased confidence using hand or bat. Can move ball to return. Can attempt sending and returning a variety of balls nit 1: Pupils will have used a variety of balls, beanbags, bats and markers. Can ling ball. Mastered movements such as walking, running and jumping. - Unit 2: Children have begun to link running and jumping. Have refined a range cludes varying pathways and speeds. Developed throwing techniques to send istances. nit 2: Have experienced hitting an object with hand or bat. Have tracked and all. Practised throwing and catching a variety of balls and objects.	 mas running catchir balanc and be activitie part develo attacki perf 	should be taught to: ster basic movements including g, jumping, throwing and ng, as well as developing se, agility and co-ordination, egin to apply these in a range of es ticipate in team games, uping simple tactics for ing and defending form dances using simple ment patterns.	up, batter, hitter, forehand, backhand, court, serve. Run, Jump, Throw: Backwards, distance, far, fast, forwards, furthest, high, hop, link, medium, power, run, sideways, skip, slow, straight, step, throw, skipping, track, relay, tag, partner, sprint. Hit, Catch, Run: Batter, bowl, catch, collect, feed, field, hit, hitter, pick up, retrieve, roll, stop, strike, throw.	



	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:
	Dance - Unit 1	Gymnastics - Unit 1	Dance - Unit 2	Gymnastics - Unit 2	Send and Return - Unit 2	Run, Jump, Throw - Unit 2
	Attack, Defend, Shoot - Unit 1	Send and Return - Unit 1	Attack, Defend, Shoot - Unit 2	Run, Jump, Throw - Unit 1	Hit, Catch, Run - Unit 1	Hit, Catch, Run - Unit 2
1	Compose a travelling sequence	1. Be able to choose and link like	Read the nursery rhyme and	1. Recap 'like actions' from the	1. Attempt to send a ball that can	Perform running challenges in
	using a variety of body parts 2.	actions. 2. Understand and use	discuss its content and theme 2.	previous unit (jumps and rolls) 2.	be returned by others consistently.	set times 2. Support partner to
	Explore ideas, moods and feelings	the term 'like actions'. 3. Choose 3	Children identify characters within	Show creative ways to move on,	2. Feed a beanbag or ball into	improve their performance 3.
	3. Show control, coordination and	rolls or 3 jumps and link them	the nursery rhyme 3. Perform a	off and over the apparatus 3.	space to make it difficult for your	Recognise agile movements.
	spatial awareness.	together and repeat the	series of character movements to	Perform to others their adapted	opponent to return. 3. Work with a	Perform quick runs. 2. Work as
	Practice throwing at targets	movements.	the nursery rhyme.	sequence.	partner to track balls and return	a team to send and receive. 3. To
	accurately 2. Pass a beanbag	Slide a beanbag/ball over an	Recognise the reasons why	Discover ways to move objects	them over the net.	send and receive the ball to score
	between pairs with some control 3.	opponent's goal line 2. Move to	heart rate increases during	quickly. 2. Identifying which ways	 Use a range of throwing and 	points.
	Explain/show ways you can pass	defend (stop) the ball/beanbag	exercise. 2. Discuss what makes	to move objects is quickest. 3.	rolling skills to put the ball in	
	a beanbag/ball to a partner.	going over your goal line 3.	exercise fun. 3. Play a range of	Experience competition against	space. 2. To be able to move	
		Explore which objects are easier	pulse raising activities.	themselves.	quickly with agility to score points.	
		to slide and defend.			3. To be able to keep count of the	
					score.	
2	Perform with an awareness of	1. Able to move mats and benches	1. March as an individual 2.	1. Introduce rocking 2. Experiment	1. Use a variety of movements to	Repeat repetitive actions for
	body shape with a partner 2. Show	safely. 2. Transfer like sequence	Incorporate turns into marches 3.	with rocking on different parts of	track balls in different ways 2.	sustained periods of time 2.
	control, coordination and spatial	to low apparatus.	Work as an individual to create a	the body 3. Link rock into simple	Chase, stop and control balls and	Recognise improvements in
	awareness 3. Demonstrate some	Explore different ways of	marching pattern.	sequences with a start, balance,	objects 3. Work collaboratively	performance 3. Select the best
	musicality throughout the	sending a ball 2. Practice sending	Play in a game with defined	rock and jump.	with a partner to complete skill-	movement and describe the
	performance.	a ball in a variety of ways to a	areas. 2. Play as part of a team to	Run in a straight line at different	based challenges.	reasons why.
	Experiment catching a variety of	partner 3. Attempt to hit the ball.	attack and defend. 3. Anticipate	speeds. 2. Show power at the start	Able to collect a moving ball	1. To hit balls off cones. 2. To
	beanbags and different sized balls		the direction of an attack.	of a run. 3. Perform runs as part of	from along the ground. 2. Return	decide where to hit a. 3. Attempt
	2. Recognise how you can			a team.	the ball back to base/zone using	to hit with power.
	intercept a ball or beanbag 3. Use				rolls and throws.	
	basic defensive technique.					
3	Compose a movement pattern	1.Identify shapes that are thick,	Collaborate as a group to follow	Experiment with spinning and	1. Hit a moving ball from a sitting	Develop stamina through a
	to demonstrate unison 2. Develop	wide, curled, straight, piked and	a marching sequence 2. Perform a	turning on different parts of the	position. 2. Maintain a tucked	range of running activities 2.
	partner work 3. Explore ideas and	tucked. 2. Copy and change	group marching sequence 3.	body 2. Adapt spins and turns on	position for an extended period. 3.	Negotiate obstacles while
	movements showing a friendship	shapes. 3. Demonstrate four	Remember, recall and perform	and off of the apparatus 3. Link	Control body and limbs to move	maintaining running position.
	theme.	different shapes.	one chosen sequence.	spins and turns to rock through	efficiently on the floor.	Identify where batters are hitting
	Experiment with different ways	1. Move position to get in line with	Bounce the ball with some	changing levels.	Catch over a short distance to	the ball. 2. Work together to
	you can send a ball or beanbag 2.	a ball. 2. Get into positions to	control to self. 2. Begin to bounce	Experience a variety of jumps.	stop players from scoring points 2.	attempt to intercept balls. 3. Apply
	Roll/slide a ball or beanbag to a	return balls to partners. 3. Use a	a ball to a partner. 3. Play 2-on-1	Perform a standing long jump.	Work with other fielders to stop	different body positions to
	partner and a target.	variety of return responses.	using bouncing skills to score.	3. Work in partnership, supporting	players from scoring.	intercept the path of the ball.
<u> </u>	1.0	A.T. 1. 66 11 1 20 /	4.5	each other to do well.	4.0 11: 1.6	4.5. (; 0. (; ;)
4	Compose a sequence	1.Take off and land with (some)	1. Dance in canon to the lyrics of	Introduce the concept of unison Count to keep in time with	1. Send objects from a variety of	Practise & perform a wide
	demonstrating mirroring and	control. 2. Jump for height and	wheels on the bus 2. Copy and	2. Count to keep in time with	positions such as sitting, kneeling,	variety of core strength
	following 2. Watch what others do	distance. 3. Link jumps and	repeat actions in time with others.	others 3. Practice and perform a	and standing 2. Play cooperatively	movements 2. Suggest where
	and suggest improvements to their	shapes into a simple sequence.	1. Play with a partner using	simple jump, spin and rock	in a competitive game situation 3.	exercises are relevant to other
	work 3. Create a short dance	1. Work with a partner to receive	throwing, catching and bouncing	movement pattern in unison.	Identify that there is a class of	physical activities 3. Improve
	based on visual stimulus.	and return objects to score points	skills to score points. 2. Work	1. Throw a range of objects over a	sport for people with disabilities.	throwing accuracy.
	Score points by throwing a	against opposition. 2. Describe	under pressure to hit targets. 3.	distance. 2. Adapt throwing styles	1. Attempt to hit an object with the	1. Introducing the concept of
	beanbag or ball into an opponent's	how you work with a partner to	Transfer target skills into a	to different objects. 3. Using a	hand. 2. Self-feed ball to hit. 3.	'bases'. 2. Work together to place
	hoop 2. Demonstrate simple	receive and return successfully. 3.	competitive game.			balls on bases to stop runners. 3.



	defending to stop beanbag/ball going into hoops 3. Describe how they threw the beanbag and how they defended their hoop.	Work as part of a team to score points.		leading arm to direct a throw over a longer distance.	Describe the movements needed to hit successfully.	Describe the reasons why runners have to stop when balls are returned to bases.
5	1. Compose a short dance sequence that shows sensitivity to the theme 2. Show greater control, coordination and spatial awareness in their movement patterns 3. Demonstrate an ability to create a dance with a clear start, middle and end. 1. Work with a partner to attack and defend a target against an opposition 2. Describe simple ways you can work with your partner to score and defend points 3. Play AFL Task, 2 v 2.	1.Discover ways of travelling using a variety of body parts. 2. Link ways of travelling together. 3. Refine movements using body tension. 1. Play in a rally with a partner. 2. Use skills previously learnt to move towards and return a ball in a rally game. 3. Describe the necessary skills to play in a rally.	Perform as a class. 2. Perform canon in a small group. 3. Some groups will change positions to create different formations as a class. Play in a game where rules apply. 2. Adapt to play to the rules. 3. Recognise when rules have changed.	Introduce the concept of canon Practice and perform a simple jump, spin and rock movement pattern in canon. To explore and refine basic agility, balance and coordination skills. 2. Perform and show improvement.	I. Identify tactics to outwit an opponent 2. Identify and exploit the space available on the court 3. Work as part of a team to score points. Running between bases to score points. 2. Work with others to retrieve balls. 3. Make decisions to make it difficult for hitters.	1. Throw for accuracy and use footwork to dodge 2. Develop stamina through a range of jumping and agility activities 3. Practise, repeat and refine an action. 1. Attempt to catch a ball that has been hit in the air. 2. Restrict runs by fielding effectively. 3. Identify how to position to cover more space.
6	Choose and link actions to make short dance phrases that reflect rhythmic qualities 2. Explore repetition through a dance sequence 3. Perform dance phrases and short dances that express ideas and feelings. Participate in competitive games against an opponent using attacking and defending skills. 2. Comment on how you used different attacking and defending skills you have already learned to help you in your games.	1.Choose three ways of travelling to make a short movement pattern. 2. Choose a shape to start and finish. 3. Remember and perform movement pattern. 1. I can hit over a bench to my partner. 2. I can play with my partner in a game over a bench. 3. I can send the ball to space to make it hard for my partner to catch/return.	Read the nursery rhyme and discuss its content and theme 2. Children identify characters within the nursery rhyme and create actions 3. Perform actions in rounds. Identify where to stand to defend goals (hoops) best. 2. Play in competitive games. 3. Play using defined rules in a game.	To work with a partner to create a short sequence that must include elements of spin, turn and/or rock 2. Select whether your sequence is going to be in unison or canon. Use running, throwing and jumping skills. 2. Compete with others. 3. Say how you could have improved.	Use skills learned in more challenging situations against others. 2. Describe and show how to get into the correct body position to send the ball. Show collaborative work as a team to score points. 2. Show awareness of teammates when fielding. 3. Throw and retrieve the ball.	Explore and practise a variety of alternative start positions for running 2. Choose the quickest position for starting a run 3. Work with others to judge different running speeds. Work collaboratively to restrict runs. 2. To hit into space to score runs. 3. Describe key differences in the role of the striker and the role of the fielders.





Hit, Catch, Run - Unit 1: Developed sending and receiving skills to benefit fielding as a team. Can distinguish between the roles of batters and fielders. Have been introduced to the concept of simple tactics Run, Jump, Throw - Unit 2: Developed power, agility, coordination and balance over a variety of activities Can throw and handle a variety of objects including quoits, beanbags, balls, hoops Can negotiate obstacles showing increased control of body and limbs Hit, Catch, Run - Unit 2: Have developed hitting skills with a variety of bats. Practised feeding/bowling skills. Can hit and run to score points in games.						
	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:
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1	Explore whole body actions to create movements as a group or pair 2. Apply the idea of a theme to a dance 3. Compose a dance phrase which responds to the visual stimulus 1. Send the ball with feet by kicking 2. Send the ball varying distances using harder and softer kicks	1.Use prior learning to create a 4-element sequence 2. Combine balance, rolling, jumping, rocking and spinning 3. Perform using a recognised start and finish shape 1. Anticipate the flight of the ball fed from partner 2. On toes move towards the line of the ball and return 3. Keep track of score with partner	Pupils can perform short dances reflecting different emotions and moods 2. Able to say what actions define contrasting emotions 3. Able to identify in others & themselves dynamics within the dance Pass and receive the ball around the playing area showing some control 2. Work collaboratively to keep possession by passing accurately	Transfer movement pattern to floor, mat and apparatus 2. Work with a partner to copy and create (joining sequences) 3. Introduce relevé walk and front support Play with a partner to gather objects from around the room 2. Count objects gathered to record a score 3. Be aware of others around when running	Play a variety of roles in games 2. Accurately send a ball to specified areas 3. (Some) respond to partner and play a simple rally Work as a team to field a ball back to a base. 2. Run and touch cones to score points. 3. Make choices about where to hit the ball.	Work individually to run for a sustained period 2. Discuss thoughts and feelings surrounding the physical challenges 3. Work cooperatively to complete a jumping and throwing task Work as a team to return a ball to a base 2. Work individually to score runs 3. Increase running pace to score runs and stay 'safe.'
2	Create a sequence of movements for performance with starting and finishing positions 2. Demonstrate comprehension of the story through dance 3. Work cooperatively to improve and adapt sequence Receive and stop the ball with feet 2. Pass the ball to another player	1.Recognise how to create power in jumps 2. Attempt a variety of different jumps 3. Show ways to jump with power and control 1. Players to identify their dominant and non-dominant side for sending a ball 2. Play a modified game to send and return using dominant and non-dominant sides	Follow a clock face to develop dance steps 2. Work with rhythm 3. Combine dance steps to create a movement pattern To send and receive moving into space 2. Play with a variety of balls 3. Move into space in a game situation	I. Identify which muscles they are using in their core to control movement 2. Copy and repeat arch and dish shapes 3. Work collaboratively to move a hoop along a line of rolling children I. Recognise powerful actions 2. Explore different ways to generate power to start different actions such as running, jumping, hopping, striding	Use a long high ball to reach the back court 2. Send a low short ball to the front court Sprint to correct areas to score points 2. Work to better runs scored 3. Use kicking to send a ball to score points	Play games to improve jumping skills 2. Develop strength through isolated strength-building activities 3. Participate in a jumping game Make decisions about directions to send the ball 2. Use a variety of kicking techniques to send the ball 3. Experience the role of the backstop
3	Create a duet based on the relationship between the penguin and the snowman 2. Explore, unison, levels and cannon within the choreography 3. Discuss how others could develop their performances Working as a team to keep possession in a defined area 2. Pass the ball for accuracy 3. Demonstrate receiving and passing	1.Define how gymnastic elements can link smoothly and continuously 2. Explore transitions between elements 3. Compare linking movements that improve a performance 1. Play a modified game introducing boundaries 2. Use throwing and catching skills to play with a team to score points	Remember and recall dance steps 2. Work independently to perform a movement pattern 3. (Some) Create own dance steps to add to a movement pattern 1. To work with a partner to progress towards a target 2. Co-ordinate hands and feet to progress forwards 3. Attempt to use simple attacking play in a game	With a partner, make as many bridges and tunnels as they can with body control 2. Travel over, under and through your partner's shapes in a variety of ways (sliding, jumping, rolling, etc.) 3. Introduce back support and crab actions Participate in obstacle relay 2. Modify movements to adapt to the task, e.g. doing a burpee and then jumping on a box top.	Throw into space to make it difficult for your opponent (sitting) 2. Develop catching and throwing skills while seated 3. Develop collaborative team skills Use underarm throwing skills to feed/bowl a ball to a player. 2. Position body to perform stepping action for bowling. 3. Use bowling/feeding skills in a game situation.	Throw demonstrating power 2. Attempt to throw with accuracy 3. Explain how resistance affects the flight of an object, e.g. ball/shuttlecock Outwit bowler to kick in different directions 2. Use both feet to kick the ball 3. Kick a ball bowled in a variety of ways
4	Explore the theme of Penguin Small's adventure 2. Create a short dance solo which demonstrates changes in direction and speed	1.Define in simple terms flexibility 2. Demonstrate in shapes their full range of flexibility 3. Choose, adapt and perform shapes at different levels	Perform 'freestyle' moves 2. Watch, copy and repeat learnt 'moves' to make a motif Perform Motif to music	I. Introduce frog jump and L-sit 2. Play a variety of competitive games using leapfrog jumps 3. Refine leap frog movements	Serving into specified area 2. Use a range of sending skills to serve 3. Play out point from serve Experiment with different bats to see which are easier or harder to hit	Run as a team 2. Develop stamina through consistent running activity 3. Attempt a new breathing technique Recognise the role of a wicketkeeper 2. Position yourself to



	Play in a game with defined areas Play as part of a team to attack and defend 3. Move the ball independently by bouncing	Develop agility in isolated challenges 2. Perform with increased agility in a conditioned game	Examine the role of a goalkeeper 2. Perform defensively as an individual in a game 3. Recognise quality of goalkeeping	Participate in three different throwing games 2. Use a variety of different throws according to the game 3. Explore which throws are better for accuracy, which are better for distance and which are better for height	with. 2. Make choices about where you are going to hit the ball. 3. Work cooperatively to practice hitting skills.	stop balls 3. Practise the role of wicketkeeper and attempt to stump players out
5	Explore footwork creatively, based on a visual stimulus 2. Use movement imaginatively, responding to the music with some attempt at musicality 3. Change the speed, level and direction of movements To move the ball using basketball-style dribbling 2. Link bouncing and passing 3. Play collaboratively to attack a goal	1.Perform various travel movements at different speeds 2. Identify suitable speeds for different types of travel 3. Show how these speeds apply to different moves in a sequence 1. Use correct grip to hold a tennis racquet 2. Send, receive and stop a ball using a racquet along the ground 3. Use self-feed to hit a ball to partner	Remember and perform moves from lesson 4 2. Perform the steps (motif) in given formations 3. Work as a group to enter into formations using 'On and Off Stage.' Show awareness of opponents and teammates in a game 2. Explore the concept of intercepting in invasion games 3. Choose when to attempt to intercept the ball	Demonstrate distance and control in broad jump 2. Accurately replicate pike and use in short sequence 3. Link previous learning to transition elements Copy and repeat actions with accuracy 2. Analyse performance to judge differences in the game at the beginning and the end	Develop volleyball skills further to standing 2. Develop throwing into hitting 3. Play using attacking shots Stand in positions ready to catch a ball. 2. Throw quickly and accurately under pressure. 3. Field to catch and throw to teammates to stop opponents from scoring runs.	Performing under pressure 2. Work cooperatively to develop a skill Throw and catch through a moving target Recognise the role of a backstop Attempt to track and stop balls as the backstop
6	Select actions as a group to create a short dance phrase which reflects rhythmic qualities 2. Explore formations through the dance sequence 3. Perform dance phrases that express ideas and feelings Play with and against others 2. Make some attempt at attacking collaboratively 3. Make choices on where to stand when defending as part of a team	1.Choose and apply to a simple sequence elements from unit 1 2. Perform a sequence of between 4 and 6 elements 3. Select appropriate elements to get maximum points 1. Able to self-feed to send a ball to a partner using a racquet 2. Attempt to combine skills to perform a rally	Explore movement pathways in given formations 2. Practise switching from a group formation to a whole class performance 3. Practise performing and improve timing as a class Inplement basic goalkeeping, attacking play and intercepting in games 2. Make early decisions in games 3. Practise to improve existing skills	Combine all ten elements of the Unit 2 body management in order 2. Refine and develop routine to ensure it is aesthetically pleasing 3. Perform with rhythm and control Perform a variety of static and dynamic balances 2. Identify the difference between a static and dynamic balance 3. Devise own static and dynamic balance sequence	Play in a volleyball style game 2. Play as an individual 3. Develop greater control of the ball Play as part of a team to field and hit to score. 2. Apply simple tactics to gameplay. 3. Play in different roles and positions.	Perform a range of skills in competition 2. Compete as part of a team 3. Persevere to complete a task Work as a team to score points as batters 2. Work as a team to restrict runs 3. Demonstrate skills learnt in wicket keeping or backstop



Year 3	Subject PE	Academic Year 2024-2025
Prior Knowledge	End Point	Key vocabulary
Dance Unit 1: Describe and explain how performers can transition and link shapes and balances. Perform with control and consistency, basic actions at different speeds and on different levels. Challenged themselves to move imaginatively responding to music. Worked as part of a group to create and perform short movement sequences to music.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement.	Dance: dance, twist, turn, rhythm, step, music, beat, stretch, levels, fast, slow, direction, huddle, group, mood, feeling, musicality, emotions, facial expression, improvisation, rehearse, director, Do Se Do, hop step ball change, dynamics, partner work, floor patterns, shape, angular, energetic, strong, mirroring, linear.
Tag Rugby: Can send a ball using hands and feet and can receive a ball using feet. Refine ways to control bodies and a range of equipment. Recall and link combinations of skills, for example, dribbling, passing and running with ball.	They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.	Tag Rugby: space, pass, accurately, mark, dodge, attack, defend, footwork, possession, change of direction, tactics, teamwork, zones, intercept, sidestep, send, tag, release, safe, passing back, feint Cricket: batting, fielding, bowling, bat, wicket, stumps, ball, crease, boundary, run,
Cricket: Experienced different games and activities where throwing and catching skills were used. Had the opportunity to hit and strike a ball with racquets and bats. Played in simple, striking and fielding games	Pupils should be taught to: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball,	batsman, bowler, wicketkeeper, field, innings Hockey: control, use space, defend, attack, dribble, pass, push, slap, tactics, compete, collaborate, teamwork, score, shoot.
Hockey: Experienced different types of small sided invasion games. Able to send and receive balls. Use a variety of techniques and tactics to play competitively both attacking and defending	cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending	Gymnastics: fluency, contrasting, unison, low, combinations, full turn, half- turn, sustained, explosive, power, control, group, similar, different.
Gymnastics Unit 1: Develop body management through a range of floor exercises. Used core strength to link recognised gymnastics elements. Attempted to use rhythm while performing a sequence. Challenged themselves to develop strength and flexibility.	 develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics] perform dances using a range of movement patterns take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team 	Badminton: hit, return, court, forehand, shuttlecock, points, score, net, underarm, racquet. Netball: space, pass, accurately, mark, dodge, attack, defend, footwork, possession, change of direction, tactics, teamwork, shooting, zones, intercept Football: control, use space, defend, attack, dribble, pass, tactics, compete, collaborate,
Badminton: Experienced different types of hitting with hand and racquets. Able to recognise boundaries. Recognise how to score points in a game.	compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	teamwork, score, shoot, intercept, foot, inside of the foot, touch, possession. Rounders: batting, fielding, bowling, bat, bases, ball, run, batter, bowler, fielder, innings, no ball, batting box, backstop, rounders, half rounders
Dance Unit 2: Practise different sections of a dance aiming to put together a performance. Perform using facial expressions. Perform with a prop.		Athletics: run, jump, throw, agility, power, speed, track, force, distance, curve, accelerate, hurdles, vortex howler, bounce
Netball: Experienced different types of small sided invasion games. Able to throw and catch in a variety of ways. Able to work with others in small teams.		
Gymnastics unit 2: Modified actions independently using different pathways, directions and shapes. Consolidated and improved quality of movements and gymnastics actions. Related strength and flexibility to the actions and movements they are performing. Used basic compositional ideas to improve sequence work—unison.		



Football: Experienced different types of small sided invasion games. Able to send and receive balls. Use a variety of techniques and tactics to play competitively both attacking and defending.

Rounders: Experienced different games and activities where throwing and catching skills were used. Had the opportunity to hit and strike a ball with racquets and bats. Played in simple, striking and fielding games.

Athletics: Link running and jumping movements. Can move safely and appropriately around, between and over apparatus. Have worked with a variety of equipment including balls, hoops, bean bags, quoits.

	etween and over apparatus. Have wo balls, hoops, bean bags, quoits.	rked with a variety of equipment				
	Sequence of Learning: Dance Unit 1 Tag Rugby	Sequence of Learning: Cricket Hockey	Sequence of Learning: Gymnastics - Unit 1 Badminton	Sequence of Learning: Dance - Unit 2 Netball	Sequence of Learning: Gymnastics unit 2 Football	Sequence of Learning: Rounders Athletics
1	Explore creating characters and narratives 2. Select and apply actions to a dance phrase 3. Discuss your own and others work with some awareness of dance choreography. Grasp the principle of moving forward to score over a line. 2. Judge when to move to evade taggers. 3. Select when to use speed to score points	Hit a stationary ball into space Retrieve and throw the ball as a fielder 3. Explain how fielders work together to restrict batters runs Recognising key features of a hockey stick, including how to hold it 2. Play and control the ball using the flat part of the stick 3. Attempt to dribble and score.	1. Create a sequence of 2 contrasting elements 2. Demonstrate extension in shapes 3. Produce flow in sequence. 1. Play in a game against an opponent 2. Hit a shuttlecock over a bench/net 3. Hit showing control of power	Discuss examples of professional work and identify the style 2. Copy and apply dance actions in a specified order 3. Work with a partner to perform a dance phrase. 1. Pass and receive the ball in a variety of ways 2. Work collaboratively to keep possession by passing accurately 3. Explain how accurate passes help when attacking	1. Recap front support and rolling from dish to arch 2. Introduce leaning towards 'Japana.' 3. Link smoothly Japana—arch—front support—lower to ground. 1. Work collaboratively to work towards and score goals. 2. Move towards the ball and receive under control 3. Recap and use passing and trapping skills to play in a game.	Hit a stationary ball into space Retrieve and throw the ball as a fielder 3. Explain how fielders work together to restrict batters runs. Challenge yourself to jump in a variety of ways 2. Beat previous distances when jumping 3. Copy and describe what others have done
2	Explore characters using keywords 2. Use performance skills to communicate. Perform a range of ball handling skills. 2. Find ways of managing sending and receiving (experiment). 3. Practice techniques for retrieving, sending and receiving.	Bowl an underarm ball at a target 2. Bowl with some consistency in a game situation 3. Work collaboratively to send the ball back to the bowler. Control the ball and pass into space 2. Work collaboratively to move the ball 3. Play in a 2 v 3 game.	1. Explore a greater range of contrasting actions 2. Copy a partners sequence 3. Define what contrast is and how it applies to sequences. 1. Recognise the types of shots needed to target different areas of the court 2. Hit to targets on a court 3. Use long, high hits for distant targets and short low hits for closer targets	Explore different ways of travelling and link it to the style of dance. 2. Work as a team to follow floor patterns and create shapes 3. Create some travelling dance steps which follow a floor pattern. Recognise the need to get 'free' from opposition players 2. Demonstrate dodging techniques to get 'free.' 3. Discuss & explain why you need to be free from a player when receiving the ball	I. Identify the primary muscles used for jumping 2. Engage muscles to jump high, straight and far 3. Bouncing and broad jumping in sequence. I. Move to stay with an attacking player. 2. Demonstrate two types of marking and attacking the player (front marking and goal side marking). 3. Discuss and debate the benefits and weaknesses of each type of marking.	To bowl an underarm ball at a target at an appropriate height 2. To bowl with some consistency in a game situation 3. To work collaboratively to send the ball back to the bowler. Run at different speeds 2. Start-stop and change pace with control 3. Demonstrate agility in running
3	Perform and communicate ideas as part of a group 2. Develop movements using improvisation 3. Demonstrate	Strike a bowled ball 2. Apply simple tactics to choose where to hit the ball 3. To score runs. Use defensive body position in preparation for tackling 2. Use	1.Consolidate and improve the quality of basic rolls 2. Explain how strength and flexibility applies to rolls 3. Work with a	I. Identify different dance quality dynamics and apply these to movement 2. Explore performance quality (facial expression and focus) and apply	Mirror and match actions with a partner 2. Move in unison with a partner 3. Perform a leg raise dish and half leaver with partner.	Strike a bowled ball 2. To apply simple tactics to choose where to hit the ball 3. Count and remember runs scored.



	awareness of cannon and accumulation. 1. Explore a range of techniques to avoid being tagged. 2. Evade players to score points. 3. Communicate with others to score points.	defensive position to force a mistake and knock balls away from ball carrier 3. Attempt defensive body positioning in a game to force a mistake.	partner to perform a roll sequence. 1. Move to return the shuttlecock 2. Attempt different shots to return the shuttlecock	these to the dance 3. Create some dance movements which demonstrate the stylistic dynamics of Barn Dance. 1. To play in attacking & defending zones 2. To demonstrate collaborative attacking play 3. To keep possession of the ball to build an attack	Practice defensive tackling. 2. Apply defensive tackling to game scenarios. 3. Describe important aspects of tackling.	Combine running and jumping Jump over apparatus with control and balance 3. Judge speed to jump safely.
4	Introduce the use of a prop 2. Work with others to improve a 4 action routine. Improve passing skills on cue. Accept when you've been tagged. 3. Play in a sportsmanlike way in both defence and attack.	Stop a moving ball with consistency 2. Collect and return a moving ball 3. Work as a team to stop and pass the ball to the field. Control the ball and pass unchallenged 2. Move into space to receive the ball 3. Use control to work together as a team to score points.	1.Consolidate and improve the quality of basic jumps 2. Jump high and far off low apparatus 3. Work in groups of 3/4 to create a rolling and jumping sequence. 1.Rally with a partner over a bench/net 2.Move around the court to return the shuttle 3.Describe the skills needed to keep a rally going	I. Identify different types of action used in Barn Dance 2. Create original dance actions which suit the style of Barn Dance 3. Recognise Barn Dance style actions in others' work. I. Create opportunities to shoot 2. Identify and use the 1m distance rule in a game 3. Apply the role of a goal shooter	Revisit previous learning on front support and arch 2. Introduce Japana and its progressions 3. Link smoothly from Japana—front support—lower to ground. Use dribbling to progress forward. 2. Combine dribbling and passing to benefit the team. 3. Show dribbling in a game.	Stop a moving ball with consistency 2. Collect and return a moving ball 3. Work as a team to stop and pass the ball in the field. Throw for accuracy 2. Throw for distance 3. Experiment with a variety of throws.
5	Incorporate facial expression into a dance phrase 2. Describe ways to improve self and others performances. When defending get close to the ball carrier. 2. Work together as defenders. 3. Explain what is meant by closing down space.	Throw over longer distances using overarm throw 2. Recognise when to throw over longer distances 3. Recognise rules of the modified game and use fairly. Practise agility skills 2. Identify when you would need to use agility in hockey 3. Use agility in a small sided game.	1.Perform in unison with a partner 2. Translate unison into contrasting actions 3. Identify when they use strength in their sequence 1.Play using basic service rules 2.Use a forehand serve 3.Explain when you use service in a game	I. Identify different types of partner action used in Barn Dance 2. Create original partner dance actions which suit the style of Barn Dance 3. Recognise Barn Dance style partner actions in others' work. I. Throw over longer distances using shoulder pass 2. Recognise which throw is needed over shorter & longer distances 3. Use shoulder pass in a game to build attacking play.	Introduce box splits; full, right and left 2. Introduce shoulder flexibility shape (see diagram) 3. Perform some dynamic and static stretches to improve range of movement. Pass the ball to players over distance. 2. Work collaboratively t select when is the best time to use a long pass. 3. Attempt distance passes in games to work towards a goal	Throw over longer distances using overarm throw 2. Throw to appropriate bases based on the scenario of each conditioned game. Practice a variety of skipping techniques 2. Participate in skipping challenges against self and others 3. Discover ways to skip with a partner.
6	1. Perform to an audience 2. Describe and evaluate features in a dance 3. Watch and make decisions on how to improve own performance. 1. Implement new skills in AFL game. 2. Experienced passing back in an unopposed situation. 3. Listen to others to work as a team.	1. Use accurate throws to return a ball from the field 2. Strike a bowled ball to score runs for your team 3. Suggesting ways to improve own & others game. 1. Grasp and use some of the basics rules of the game 2. Play avoiding control with ball and feet 3. Implement some skills learned throughout unit in the game.	1.Choose and apply contrasting shapes in a sequence 2. Work in a group of 3 or 4 to produce a contrasting sequence 3. Include unison in sequence. 1.Play in games against opponents 2.Use forehand shots to score points 3.Move towards the shuttlecock to return over the net	Refine dance material for performance 2. Identify strengths and areas for improvement in other groups' Barn Dances 3. Apply feedback from others to improve performance. Use a range of accurate passes to build an attack 2. Use tactics and work together to score goals 3. Suggesting ways to improve own & others game.	1. Combine all elements of unit 2 body management in the order taught: Bounce— the dish with an alternating leg out—half lever— Japana—arch—front support—lower to ground—right split—box split—left split—shoulder shape—broad jump 2. Perform demonstrating flexibility and extension in actions. 1. Implement skills learnt over the 6 lessons into games. 2. Use	1. Use accurate throws to return a ball to the bases/bowler 2. Strike a bowled ball to score runs for your team 3. Suggest ways to improve own & others game. 1. Participate in running, throwing and jumping activities 2. Work as a team to try and score points in running, throwing and jumping activities 3. Identify ways to improve own, and others work.



		passing on the move skills with a teammate where appropriate (moving towards the goal) 3. Evaluate what areas you have been applying well and which require improvement.	
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Year 4	Subject PE	Academic Year 2024-2025
Prior Knowledge	End Point	Key vocabulary
Dance Unit 1: Practise different sections of a dance aiming to put together a performance. Perform using facial expressions. Perform with a prop.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of	Dance: dance, turn, rhythm, stretch, levels, fast, slow, direction, huddle, mood, feeling, emotions, facial expression, improvisation, rehearse, director, choreographer, slide, formation, freeze frames, Contact, dynamics, communicate, character, focus, floor
Tag Rugby: To perform basic tag rugby skills, throwing and catching. To be able to run and create space while attacking. To implement basic rules of tag rugby.	movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an	pattern, speed, size, background, ornamentation, facing. Tag Rugby: passing, running, backwards, tag, straight, space, teamwork, try-area, defend, attack, compete, evade, pace, pickup, step.
Cricket: Experienced different types of striking and fielding games including pairs cricket. Able to throw and catch balls. Experienced striking a bowled ball and applying the rules of a game	understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to:	Cricket: batting, fielding, bowling, bat, wicket, stumps, ball, crease, boundary, run, batsman, bowler, wicketkeeper, field, innings, strike, cross, four, six, single, over, balls, pull, shot, forward
Hockey: Experienced different types of small sided invasion games. Able to send and receive balls. Use a variety of techniques and tactics to play competitively both attacking and defending	 use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles 	Hockey: control, use space, defend, attack, dribble, pass, push, slap, tactics, compete, collaborate, teamwork, score, shoot. Gymnastics: fluency, contrasting, unison, low, combinations, full turn, half-turn,
Gymnastics Unit 1: Identify similarities and differences in sequences. Develop body management over a range of floor exercises. Attempt to bring explosive movements into floor work through jumps and leaps. Showed increasing flexibility in shapes and balances.	suitable for attacking and defending develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics] perform dances using a range of movement patterns	sustained, explosive, power, control, group, similar, different, direction, speed, partner, actions. Badminton: tactics, underarm, overarm, bisi, tricks, ready position shuttlecock, boundary.
Badminton: Identified and described some rules of badminton. Served to begin a game. Explored forehand hitting.	 take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best. 	Netball: control, use space, defend, attack, chest pass, tactics, compete, collaborate, teamwork, score, shoot, footwork, foul, free pass. Football: control, use space, defend, attack, dribble, pass, tactics, compete, collaborate,
Dance Unit 2: Work to include freeze frames in routines. Practise and perform a variety of different formations in dance. Develop a dance to perform as a group with a set starting position.		teamwork, score, shoot, intercept, foot, inside of the foot, touch, possession. Rounders: batting, fielding, bowling, bat, ball, batsman, bowler, bases, backstop, field,
Netball: To be able to perform basic netball skills including passing and catching using recognised throws. To use space effectively to build attacking play. To implement the basic rules of netball.		innings, strike, cross, rounder, half-rounder, balls, shot, forward. Athletics: run, jump, throw, agility, power, speed, track, force, distance, curve, accelerate, hurdles, vortex howler, bounce.
Gymnastics Unit 2: Can identify similarities and differences in sequences. Developed body management over a range of floor exercises. Attempted to bring explosive moves into floor work through jumps and leaps. Can show increasing flexibility in shapes and balances.		
Football: Able to show basic control skills including sending and receiving the ball. Experienced sending the ball with some accuracy to maintain		



Round	cossession and build attacking play. Can implement the basic rules of cotball Rounders: Experienced different types of striking and fielding games including some rounders game. Able to throw and catch balls. Experienced striking a bowled ball and applying the rules of a game						
specifi distan	cs: Show controlled movements and b ic instructions. Can demonstrate agility ce with control and balance. Throw wit oriate force.	and speed. Jump for height and h speed and power and apply					
	Sequence of Learning: Dance – Unit 1 Tag Rugby	Sequence of Learning: Cricket Hockey	Sequence of Learning: Gymnastics - Unit 1 Badminton	Sequence of Learning: Dance Unit 2 Netball	Sequence of Learning: Gymnastics unit 2 Football	Sequence of Learning: Rounders Athletics	
1	Develop dance 'freeze frames' based on a visual stimulus 2. Work in small groups to create freeze-frame positions. Pass and receive the ball with accuracy 2. Work as a team to attack 3. Explain the importance of accurate passing	1. Throw and catch the ball with increasing accuracy 2. Hit the ball into zones to score points 3. Work as an individual to keep score. 1. Pass and receive the ball with accuracy 2. Work collaboratively to attack a goal 3. Explain how accurate passes help when attacking.	1.Compose and perform a sequence of 6 elements 2. Use compositional ideas including changes in speed & direction 3. Teach your sequence to a partner. 1.Practise the techniques for an underarm forehand shot 2.Play in a rally using an underarm forehand shot 3.Explore techniques used for underarm forehand	Watch professional work and describe how the action communicates the theme 2. Watch and copy/perform specific dance actions to communicate the theme 3. Create dance actions which communicate the theme using prompts. Pass and receive the ball in a variety of ways 2. Work collaboratively to keep possession by passing accurately 3. Explain how accurate passes help when attacking	Link balance and travel with given actions 2. Introduce weighted bunny hop 3. Show control and tension. Work collaboratively to work towards and score goals. 2. Move towards the ball and receive under control 3. Recap and use passing and trapping skills to play in a game.	1.Throw and catch the ball with increasing accuracy 2. Hit the ball into zones to score points 3. Work as an individual to keep score. 1. Challenge yourself to jump in a variety of ways for distance and height 2. Show different ways of running 3. Compare different throws with different equipment	
2	Develop freeze frame positions to include transitions 2. Demonstrate how to link positions in a variety of ways 3. Practice and perform a slide and roll. Run with the ball using the correct technique 2. Receive the ball in a game and use changes of speed to create space 3. Able to successfully pick up the ball when running.	1. Anticipate when to run to score singles 2. Work with a partner to score runs 3. Run at speed to avoid being run out. 1. Control ball when moving around players unchallenged 2. Move into space at speed to receive and send the ball 3. Use control on the ball to keep possession within a game.	1.Work with a partner to create a sequence in unison 2. The sequence should be taught to and combined with another pair to make a four-person sequence. 1.Practice the skills needed for an overhead clear 2.Select the best time to use an overhead shot 3.Work collaboratively to play in a team game	1. Perform movements with specific dynamic qualities to give them meaning 2. Create movement in specific dynamic qualities to tell a story 3. Recognise and apply formations to group work to help communicate the story. 1. Recognise the need to get 'free' from opposition players 2. Demonstrate dodging techniques to get 'free.' 3. Discuss & explain why you need to be free from a player when receiving the ball	Experiment with one footed balances 2. Introduce roll over the shoulder to knees 3. Combine start, weighted bunny hop, three travelling steps, arabesque, roll over the shoulder to knees. Move to stay with an attacking player. 2. Demonstrate two types of marking and attacking the player (front marking and goal side marking). 3. Discuss and debate the benefits and weaknesses of each type of marking.	1.Anticipate how many zones the batter can run to 2. Run at speed to avoid being stumped out. 1. Assess what fast running feels like 2. Practice and perform running at speed 3. Compete over shorts distances against self and others.	



3	Learn and replicate a set phrase 2. Develop a short dance using unison and formations 3. Describe different formations. Keep possession of the ball in small groups unchallenged 2. Keep possession of the ball and progress up the pitch consistently.	Intercepting a moving ball over varying distances 2. Intercept balls to stop runs in game situations 3. Work with team to return balls in the field. Keep possession of the ball in small groups un-challenged 2. Use reverse stick to stop the ball on the far side of the body 3. Keep possession of the ball and progress consistently.	1.Compose a sequence of actions including some element of weight on hands 2. Demonstrate control & body tension when taking weight on hands. 1.Introduce hitting with the backhand 2.Attempt to self-feed backhand shots 3.Identify the differences between forehand and backhand shots	Copy and rehearse travelling movements across space and perform with control 2. Create travelling movements with floor patterns which help to tell a story 3. Perform with the music, in front of peers without prompts. To play in attacking & defending zones 2. To demonstrate collaborative attacking play 3. To keep possession of the ball to build an attack	1. Identifying muscle groups to support front and side support 2. Take part in a series of mini Tabata. 1. Practice defensive tackling. 2. Apply defensive tackling to game scenarios. 3. Describe important aspects of tackling.	1.Choosing position when fielding to try to stop a ball 2. Intercept balls to stop runs in game situations 3. Work with team to return balls in the field. 1. Use running to increase the distance of jumps 2. Judge speed to take off a specified point 3. Demonstrate control upon take off.
4	To perform in cannon routines and cannon lines 2. Improve and extend mission set phrase. Increase distances on passes 2. Able to identify when to run or pass 3. 1. catch ball 2. run straight 3. once tagged pass.	Bowl overarm from a stationary position at a target 2. Attempt to bowl overarm in a game 3. Bowl from both ends of the wicket (over or underarm). Increase distance on passes 2. Be able to use the slap pass with some accuracy 3. To be able to use the rules of the game to monitor play.	1.Work in groups of 4 to compose a 6 element sequence 2. Each member of the group select and plan a compositional component to change the sequence, e.g. levels, matching, speed. 1.Practice some badminton 'tricks' 2.Devise your own tricks/skills using different conditions	Copy and perform actions which communicate the way a snake moves 2. Manipulate and develop given action using devices 3. Manipulate and develop own action using devices. Create opportunities to shoot 2. Identify and use the 1m distance rule in a game 3. Apply the role of a goal shooter	Recap core muscles needed to support transitions 2. Work with a partner to practise, refine transition between movements with control 3. Practise front support, press up, to side support and pike using increased control of core from the last session. Use dribbling to progress forward. 2. Combine dribbling and passing to benefit the team. 3. Show dribbling in a game.	1.Attempt to under arm bowl to batters 2. Use underarm bowl technique in a game situation 3. Describe the rules of and surrounding underarm bowling. 1. Introduce sling technique for discus throws 2. Practice wind up technique 3. Practice with different equipment.
5	Sequence movements in a logical order 2. Work collaboratively in small groups to refine movements 3. Evaluate my work. Receive ball and run into space 2. Receive ball in a game and use a change of speed to create space.	1. Use the pull shot in isolation 2. Attempt a pull shot in a game situation 3. Decide where to field against someone who can hit a pull shot. 1. Turn with the ball unchallenged 2. Receive the ball and turn into space 3. Receive the ball in a game & move into space by turning.	1.Each member of the group implement a compositional component to change the sequence, e.g. levels, matching, speed 2. Refine and perform as a group a 6 element sequence 1.Take part in stations keeping track of points scored 2.Explain how to score in a variety of different scenarios 3.Play competitively and cooperatively with others and against other	Work with others sensibly as part of a team 2. Stay in contact with others to create large movements 3. Stay focused and perform contact work with others. Throw over longer distances using shoulder pass 2. Recognise which throw is needed over shorter & longer distances 3. Use shoulder pass in a game to build attacking play.	Develop balances for taking weight on shoulders 2. Progress shoulder balance to shoulder stand 3. Recapping cartwheel. Pass the ball to players over distance. 2. Work collaboratively t select when is the best time to use a long pass. 3. Attempt distance passes in games to work towards a goal.	1.Show the standing position of a backstop 2. Make quick decisions about where to throw to backstop 3. Play in backstop role in a small game situation. 1. Perform running on a curve 2. Perform a baton exchange 3. Analyse as a team how to improve the baton exchange.
6	Create a 5 action routine following the theme 2. Practice and perform a routine which includes an 'entering' start position. Use different length passes to attack 2. Use tactics and teamwork to score tries 3.	Use overarm bowling in a game situation with some consistency 2. Effectively stop a bouncing ground ball 3. Identify and describe successful play. 1. Use a range of passes to build an attack 2. Use tactics and teamwork to score goals 3.	1.Perform existing sequence to be judged 2. Act as judges to evaluate a group sequence 3. Compare and contrast group performances. 1.Use shots learnt in previous weeks during the game plan	Refine dance material for performance 2. Identify strengths and areas for improvement in other groups' choreography 3. Apply feedback from others to improve performance. Use a range of accurate passes to build an attack 2. Use tactics	Combine all elements of Unit 2 Sequence in order taught 2. Perform demonstrating smooth transitions. Indicate the first smooth sequence in order taught 2. Perform demonstrating smooth transitions. Indicate the first smooth sequence is smooth transitions. Indicate the first smooth sequence is smooth sequence in the first smooth sequence is smooth sequence. I sequence in order taught 2. I sequence in order taught 3. I sequence in o	Identify and describe successful play 2. Play in a game using rounders scoring system 3. Describe how to score a full rounder and how to score a half rounder. Work together in small teams to score points on running, jumping



Suggest ways to improve own and others game.	Suggest ways to improve own & others game.	2.Be in the correct position to move to return the shuttle 3.Return shots to different areas on the court	and work together to score goals 3. Suggesting ways to improve own & others game.	(moving towards the goal) 3. Evaluate what areas you have been applying well and which require improvement.	and throwing activities 2. Challenge self to improve scores using appropriate techniques 3. Evaluate to aim to improve performance second time.
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Year 5	Subject PE	Academic Year 2024-2025
Prior Knowledge	End Point	Key vocabulary
Dance Unit 1: Worked to include freeze frames in routines. Practised and performed a variety of different formations in dance. Developed a dance to perform as a group with a set starting position.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and	Dance: dance, stretch, levels, mood, feeling, emotions, facial expression, improvisation, rehearse, director, choreographer, slide, formation, locomotion, Bangra, wall patterns, steps, dance style, Performance quality, dynamics, floor patterns, assemblé, sissone, sauté, jump, fall, travel, turn, gesture, stillness, chainé, retrograde, inversion, instrumentation, fragmentation.
Tag Rugby: To consistently perform basic tag rugby skills. Implement rules, develop tactics in competitive situations. To increase speed and endurance during gameplay.	competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success.	Tag Rugby: passing, running, backwards, tag, straight, space, teamwork, try-area, defend, attack, retain, contest, possession, pressure, support, pop pass, turn over, lose pass
Cricket: Developed a range of striking, fielding & Cricket skills they can apply in a competitive context. Choose and use a range of simple tactics in isolation and a game context. Consolidated existing skills and can apply with consistency.	Pupils should be taught to: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for	Cricket: stance, bowling, bat, wicket, stumps, crease, boundary, batsman, bowler, wicketkeeper, bail, field, innings, strike, cross, four, six, single, over, balls, shot, forward, defensive, offensive.
Badminton: Explored and used different shots with both the forehand and backhand. Demonstrated different badminton skills. Practised some trick shots in isolation.	example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance	Badminton: Clear, overhead, cooperate, collaborate, lunge, shuffle, skip, run, backline, movement.
Gymnastics Unit 1: Have become more confident to perform skills consistently. Can work to improve sequences and individual actions. Can work in groups and aim to perform sequences in time with others. Can make changes to sequences using compositional ideas.	[for example, through athletics and gymnastics] perform dances using a range of movement patterns take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team compare their performances with previous ones and	Gymnastics: symmetry, sequences, combinations, direction, speed, partner, asymmetrical, elements, control, balance, strength, flexibility, asymmetrical. Hockey: control, use space, defend, attack, dribble, pass, push, slap, tactics, compete, collaborate, teamwork, score, shoot, positions, power, distance, perform, consistent,
Hockey: Learned about attacking as a team and moving toward a goal. Able to follow the basic rules for modified/mini hockey games. Learned how to pass, receive, control, dribble and shoot.	demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	fair play. Netball: control, use space, defend, attack, chest pass, tactics, compete, collaborate, teamwork, score, shoot, footwork, foul, free pass, pivot
Dance Unit 2: Developing choreography and devising skills in relation to a theme. Exploring dynamic quality and formations to communicate character. Concentrating on one simple theme throughout and linking all activities to the communication of this to an audience.		Football: control, use space, defend, attack, dribble, pass, tactics, compete, collaborate, teamwork, score, shoot, positions, power, distance, perform, consistent, fair play, possession, goal side.
Netball: Introduced to high five netball positions. Acquired and applied basic shooting techniques. Demonstrated and implemented some basic rules of high five. Developed netball skill such as marking and footwork		Rounders: stance, bowling, bat, box, batsman, bowler, backstop, field, innings, strike, cross, rounder, half-rounder, over, balls, shot, defensive, offensive Athletics: run, jump, throw, agility, power, speed, track, force, distance, curve,
Gymnastics Unit 2: Have created longer and more complex sequences and can adapt performances. Can compare performances and judge strengths and areas for improvement. Can select a component for improvement, for example, timing or flow. Have developed an increased range of body actions and shapes to include in a sequence.		accelerate, hurdles, vortex howler, bounce, relay, baton, safety, rules, targets, record, set, take over, pass.



usir imp Rou app isol con Ath diffe of n	tball: Introduced to some defensive sking different parts of their feet. Pass rovement. Inders: Developed a range of striking, fly in a competitive context. Choose and ation and a game context. Consolidated sistency. etics: Used running, jumping and throwerent ways of performing these activities neasuring and timing and compared the strip jumps and throws.	for distance. Evaluate skills to aid fielding & rounders skills they can duse a range of simple tactics in dexisting skills and can apply with wing; investigated in small groups s. Used a variety of equipment, ways				
	Sequence of Learning: Dance Unit 1 Tag Rugby	Sequence of Learning: Cricket Badminton	Sequence of Learning: Gymnastics - Unit 1 Hockey	Sequence of Learning: Dance - Unit 2 Netball	Sequence of Learning: Gymnastics unit 2 Football	Sequence of Learning: Rounders Athletics
1	To be able to perform a non-locomotor movement 2. To apply some basic Bollywood actions to a dance phrase 3. To perform solo. Explain the role of a defender in a competitive game 2. Tag opposition players in isolation 3. Apply basic defensive positions in a game.	1. Work with a partner to score runs 2. Start sprints with power to run between wickets 3. Select a shot to direct the ball. 1. Play against an opponent to score points. 2. Hit to different areas of a court. 3. Make it difficult for an opponent to score points.	1.Complete a four-element sequence containing actions at different heights and speeds 2. Take weight on hands to move forward 3. Include symmetrical and asymmetrical shapes 1.Explain the role of a defender in a competitive game 2. Use the block tackle in insolation 3. Apply basic defensive positions in a game.	Watch professional work and describe how the action communicates the theme 2. Watch and copy/perform specific dance actions to communicate the theme 3. Create dance actions which communicate the theme using prompts Practise/recap the techniques for a bounce pass 2. Use a bounce pass in a game situation 3. Play as an attacking team and as a defending team	Work with a partner to create a 6 element sequence 2. Perform a variety of actions 3. Work within/on set pathway. Turn with the ball unchallenged 2. Receive the ball and turn into space 3. Receive the ball and turn to shoot	Apply rules of the game consistently 2. Sprint with power to run between zones 3. Direct the ball to hit target areas. Run as part of a relay team for speed and distance 2. Run for as long as possible as an individual 3. Identify and use appropriate encouragement for teammates.
2	1. To be able to perform non-locomotor and locomotor movements together 2. To link movements into a short dance phrase 3. To work with a partner to develop and remember dance phrase. 1. Running and passing accurately and consistently 2. Identifying when to run into space and when to pass into space 3. Work as a team to score tries	1. Throwing a ball for accuracy 2. Using the short throw to run players out 3. Positioning to catch the ball for run out in a game scenario. 1. Play in singles games, recapping rules from previous units. 2. Recall some badminton rules. 3. Begin to apply court position techniques to singles play.	1.Explore symmetry as applied to both balance and travel 2. Compose an individual symmetrical sequence 3. Attempt to combine sequences with a partner to create paired symmetrical sequences. 1. Dribble and shoot with accuracy 2. Pass into the D to shoot 3. Work as a team to score within the D.	Copy and perform actions which communicate the idea of a hero 2. Manipulate and develop given action using devices 3. Manipulate and develop own action using devices. Attempt to find space in activity/game 2. Communicate with teammates when moving into space 3. Practise using different techniques when trying to find space	Refine round off technique with a focus on the extension of limbs 2. Create three asymmetrical balances with partner 3. Select one asymmetrical balance to link with a round-off and perform with a partner. Recognise space and opportunities for running with the ball 2. Travel quickly and effectively with the ball 3. Select appropriate conclusion to run e.g. shoot, pass, dribble.	1. Throwing a ball for accuracy 2. Using the short throw to stump players out 3. Positioning to catch the ball on a base to stump. 1. Measure distance of run in a given time 2. Recognise the importance of setting a pace for longer runs 3. Work to improve distance covered in set times.
3	1. Work as part of a group to move collaboratively 2. Create pathways	Keeping wicket to stump and run out batters 2. Anticipating the rise	1.Explore asymmetrical balances and travels 2. Compose an individual asymmetrical sequence	Perform clear shapes and build patterns as part of a team using formations 2. Use a variety of	Practise, refine and perform over shoulder roll into a handstand 2. Attempt full turn and half turn jump	Following the path of a bowled ball 2. Attempting to catch a backwards hit.



	and patterns as a group 3. Use performance skills in their dance. 1. Identify the basic principles of defence 2. Developing tactics to deny space for the opposition 3. Apply basic defensive principles to a game situation.	of the bowled ball 3. Keeping wicket in a game situation. 1. Copy and replicate ways to serve 2. Perform service shots including forehand long and short 3. Perform service shots including backhand long and short.	3. Attempt to combine sequences with a partner to create a paired asymmetrical sequence. 1. Identify how to mark an opponent 2. Mark and intercept the ball 3. Apply basic marking to a game situation.	levels within one group shape 3. Create varied dance movements in a group using level and formations. 1. Both opposed and in isolation, use different dodging skills 2. Describe the different ways of 'dodging' and which you could improve 3. (Some) – use dodging effectively to get away from opponents.	with control 3. Link elements together with elements from lesson. 1. Combine running with the ball and sending into space 2. Selecting where to pass the ball on completion of a run 3. Apply running and sending in a game.	I. Identify & recognise most effective jumping style for distance Set targets to jump further 3. Explore combining jumping sequences, e.g. hop, step, jump.
4	Describe what line dancing is and some of the key features 2. Perform in isolation some line dancing steps 3. Perform a basic 1,2 and 4 wall line dance as a class. Maintaining possession having intercepted the ball 2. Moving the ball over short distances 3. Receiving the ball over a short distance.	Increase accuracy of overarm bowling considering flexibility 2. Overarm bowl with a run-up 3. Apply overarm bowling consistently in a game. I.Develop reaction time by controlling the shuttle over a shorter distance. 2.Play in modified doubles games. 3.Communicate effectively with partner/team during games.	1.Introduce partner counter balances 2. Work together to complete trust exercise 3. Create a short sequence that contains counter balances. 1. Clearing the ball from danger in defence 2. Moving the ball over longer distances 3. Receiving the ball from longer distances.	Copy and execute a high energy jump sequence 2. Create a short elevation sequence communicating the idea of villains 3. Perform an elevation sequence with control. Practise pivoting 2. Use pivoting in a game to make more successful passes.	Perform a sequence of actions learned in unit 2 2. Give and receive feedback for sequence and work to improve 3. Link taking weight on hands in preparation for next part of a sequence. Play in a restricted position 2. Choose when to change position in a game 3. Move into space to open up play.	Applying backwards hit rule as a batter 2. Applying backwards hit tactics as a backstop. Develop push technique using a variety of objects 2. Compare and contrast the differences between pushing a variety of objects 3. Use push throw accurately and aim for targets.
5	1. Perform 3 line dance steps in isolation 2. With a partner combine 3 steps to make a short movement phrase 3. Use knowledge of basic line dance steps to create their own. 1. Keep possession as a team with pressure from defenders 2. Use the 'magic diamond' in a game situation.	1. Recognise when to play a defensive shot 2. Play a forward defensive shot in isolation 3. Attempt a forward defensive shot in a game situation. 1. Experience short, intense periods of exercise during warm-up. 2. Attempt a variety of movement around the court. 3. Select court movement techniques in a game situation.	1.Apply compositional ideas to counter balances 2. Move smoothly from one balance to another with partner 3. Show clear individual movements. 1. Keep possession as a team with pressure from defenders 2. Use a range of simple skills to stop, control and send 3. To drag the ball the move away from a defender.	Copy and execute movement to communicate narrative 2. Develop movement by using formations and floor patterns 3. Create movement on a low level which communicates an attack. Recap one-handed shooting 2. Introduce two-handed shooting 3. Play the role of the shooter in a game.	1.Devise warm up for stretching core 2. Choose transition from feet to bridge 3. Choose an appropriate finishing position for the sequence. 1. Distinguish between when teams are in possession of the ball and when it is lost 2. As an individual challenge themselves to maintain possession 3. Act as a team to maintain possession.	Recognise where to play shot to Find the gaps in the field in a game situation. Perform baton exchange as part of a relay team 2. Anticipate when to start moving on the exchange 3. Perform baton exchange in a given area.
6	1. Combine 3 new dance steps with previously learnt steps 2. Work collaboratively with a group of 4 3. Practise and improve dance to perform for others. 1. To work cooperatively as a team to defend and attack 2. Use simple skills to keep possession 3. Attempt to select the 3 step then pass tactic to gain attacking momentum.	1. Attempt a range of shots in a game situation 2. Bowl with accuracy from a short run 3. Field with some awareness of batters strengths. 1. Play in games against others using a variety of badminton shots 2. Use experience of court movement techniques in a game 3. Evaluate ways to improve points scored in games	1.Redo AFL task in pairs including symmetrical and asymmetrical balances, travel, partner and counter partner balances 2. Show sequence to another couple, evaluate others sequence to select a component for improvement 3. Practise and refine an area for improvement. 1. To work cooperatively as a team to defend & attack 2. Use simple skills to keep possession 3. Explain how a passage of play was effective.	1. Use facial expression, dynamics and focus to communicate character and narrative 2. Work effectively with others to improve movement quality 3. Perform clearly and with confidence. 1. To work cooperatively as a team to defend and attack 2. Use skills learnt to keep possession 3. Explain how a passage of play was effective.	1. Combine all actions: Round off, an asymmetrical balance of choice, over the shoulder roll to handstand, half/full turn, two linked cartwheels/weight on hands, too bridge/crab to finish of own choice. 1. Implement skills developed throughout the unit 2. Control a bouncing ball with more confidence 3. Work with team to discuss and improve performance after each game.	Field with some awareness of batters strengths 2. Recognise fielders positioned for left and right handed players 3. Distinguish differences between deep and close fielding. Develop as a small group either a run, jump or throwing event 2. Choose appropriate distance, equipment, time and space 3. Teach event to another group.



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Year 6	Subject PE	Academic Year 2024-2025
Prior Knowledge	End Point	Key vocabulary
Dance Unit 1: Have performed different styles of dance fluently and clearly. Refined & improved dances adapting them to include the use of space rhythm & expression. Worked collaboratively in groups to compose simple dances. Recognized and commented on dances suggesting ideas for improvement.	Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement.	Dance: motif, phrase, street dance, Hakka, Step, slide, repeat, beat, composition, collaborate, formations, stag leap, rebound, expression, gesture, dynamics, canon, contrast, variation, dynamics, facial expression, focus, devices, group devices, speed, level.
Tag Rugby: To combine basic tag rugby skills such as catching and quickly passing in one movement. To be able to select and implement appropriate skills in a game situation. To begin to play effectively when attacking and defending. To increase the power of passes so the ball can be moved quickly over greater distance. Cricket: Link together a range of basic cricket skills and used in combination. Collaborated as a team to choose, use and adapt rules in games. Relate some aspects of fitness which apply to cricket, e.g. power, flexibility and cardiovascular endurance.	They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, backey, pethall, rounders and tappiel, and apply basic	Tag Rugby: passing, running, backwards, tag, straight, space, teamwork, try-area, defend, attack, retain, contest, possession, pressure, support. Cricket: tactics, shots, bowling, wicket, stumps, crease, boundary, stance, innings, strike, cross, four, six, single, over, balls, shot, forward, defensive, offensive, wide, no ball. Hockey: control, use space, defend, attack, dribble, pass, push, tactics, compete, collaborate, teamwork, score, shoot, positions, power, distance, perform, consistent, fair play, tackle, covering, supporting.
Hockey: Developed passing, dribbling and shooting skills. Can confidently select and apply basic skills in a game situation. Learnt ways of marking and defending. Gymnastics Unit 1: Can create longer and more complex sequences and adapt performances. Take the lead in a group when preparing a sequence. Can develop symmetry individually, as a pair and in a small group. Can compare performances and judge strengths and areas for improvement.	hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics] perform dances using a range of movement patterns take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Gymnastics: flight, vault, sequences, combinations, direction, speed, partner, asymmetrical, elements, control, balance, strength, flexibility Badminton: smash shot, offensive, attacking, defending, rally, drop shot, net play. Netball: control, use space, defend, attack, chest pass, tactics, compete, collaborate, teamwork, score, shoot, footwork, foul, free pass, pivot, blocking.
Badminton: Used different types of serves & shots in-game. Played with others to score and defend points in competitive games. Move confidently around the playing area using footwork	deliterate improvement to delitere their percental seet.	Football: control, use space, defend, attack, dribble, pass, tactics, compete, collaborate, teamwork, score, shoot, positions, power, distance, perform, consistent, fair play, tackle, covering, supporting.
Dance Unit 2: Using professional examples to inspire ideas for explosive action. Owning and exploring new movement possibilities. Work with devices to add interest to 'action' and explore different types of jumps.		Rounders: stance, bowling, bat, box, batsman, bowler, backstop, field, innings, strike, cross, rounder, half-rounder, over, balls, shot, defensive, offensive, predict, place, select, tactics.
Netball: To be able to confidently use specific netball skills in games, for example: pivoting, dodging, bounce pass and previous skills learnt. To play efficiently in different positions on the pitch both attack and defence. To increase power and strength of passes, moving the ball over longer distances		Athletics: run, jump, throw, agility, power, speed, track, distance, curve, accelerate, hurdles, vortex howler, bounce, relay, baton, safety, rules, targets, record, set, take over, pass, strength, judge, trajectory.
Gymnastics Unit 2: Have lead group warm-up showing understanding of the need for strength and flexibility. Have worked independently and in small groups to make		



up own sequences. Began to use music in sequences. Have experienced taking part in and remembering more complex sequences.

Football: Can play effectively in a variety of positions and formations on the pitch. Related a greater number of attacking and defensive tactics to gameplay. Have attempted more skills when performing movements at speed.

Rounders: Linked together a range of skills and use in combination. Collaborated as part of a team to choose, use and adapt rules in games. Understand how some aspects of fitness apply to rounders, e.g. power, flexibility and cardiovascular endurance.

Athletics: Can sustain pace over short and longer distances. Able to run as part of a

	lietics: Can sustain pace over short ar					
		eed. Can perform a range of jumps an				
		and accuracy. Can identify key strengt	hs of			
ар	erformer when running, jumping and t					
	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:	Sequence of Learning:
	Dance Unit 1	Cricket	Gymnastics - Unit 1	Dance - Unit 2	Gymnastics unit 2	Rounders
	Tag Rugby	Hockey	Badminton	Netball	Football	Athletics
1	Use tension and extension to	Demonstrate urgency in	1.Complete a six element sequence	1.Use tension and extension	to 1.To work collaboratively with	Demonstrate urgency in
	control body 2. Develop a simple	acquiring runs in a given time 2.	containing flight, contrasting shapes, and	control body 2. Develop a sim	ple others in a small group situation	acquiring rounders in a specified
	sequence using actions and	Attempt both attacking and	balances 2. Can take weight on hands to	sequence using actions and	2. To create a ten element	innings length 2. Attempt both
	dynamics 3. Recognise the	defensive play as a batter 3.	land on apparatus from flight 3. Include	dynamics 3. Recognise the	sequence on floor and apparatus	attacking and defensive play as a
	difference between actions and	Attempt attacking field placement	twists/turns and changes of speed and	difference between actions ar	d 3. To include asymmetry in the	batter 3. Attempt attacking
	dynamics.	including slip, short leg and cover	direction.	dynamics.	sequence.	bowling.
	Play effectively in attack and	position.	1.Play in a doubles game to score points	Practise/recap the technique		Use power to improve the start
	defence 2. Score points against	Play the role of both the	against opposition.	for a bounce pass 2. Use a	defender 2. Pass to set up	of a short sprint 2. Refine running
	opposition 3. Support player with	defender and the attacker 2.	2.Demonstrate a range of shots in	bounce pass in a game situat		skills to improve times 3. Work
	the ball.	Shoot from close range 3. Score	doubles scenario.	3. Play as an attacking team a		with others to record accurate
		points against opposition.	3.Defend points against opposition using	as a defending team.	shoot and score.	results.
	4.5.1	4 = 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1:	teamwork skills.	1.5	45	1 T 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1:
2	Explore space and	Tracking and catching a high	1.Dismounting from varying heights 2.	Explore space and	1.Experiment with a variety of	Tracking and catching a high
	relationships in dance 2. Develop	ball 2. Catching a high ball to get	Make simple judgments about own work	relationships in dance 2. Deve		ball 2. Catching a high ball to get
	a movement phrase that	players out 3. Attempting catches	and choose what level to work 3. Magic	a movement phrase that	ribbon 2. Reproduce movements	players out 3. Attempting catches
	incorporates at least two	in a competitive game.	chair landing, jump forwards beyond cone	incorporates at least two	sympathetically to music.	in a competitive game.
	relationships and a spatial	1. Devise a warm-up for sending	while still maintaining control, increase	relationships and a spatial	Collaborate with a partner to	1. Experiment with varying run up
	element.	the ball over short distances 2.	distance, jump into balance.	element.	implement simple defensive	lengths for long jump 2. Select as
	1. Devise a warm-up for short	Perform a long corner routine as	1.Serve using doubles boundaries and service line.	1. Attempt to find space in	principles 2. Aim to deny	an individual which length run up
	passes 2. Perform a set play off a	part of a team 3. Suggest ways to		activity/game 2. Communicate		produces the longest jump.
	free pass 3. Suggest ways to	improve the success of long corners routines.	2.Getting into position to perform the smash.	with teammates when moving space 3. Practise using different		
	improve the set play.	Corners routines.		techniques when trying to find		
			3.Attempt a smash shot in a doubles game situation.			
		<u>l</u>	yame situation.	space.		



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	simple phrase incorporating at least 3 actions 2. Use expression in a dance phrase 3. Develop movement action phrase in a group of 4. 1. Communicate and devise tactics for attacking 2. Using the 'taking the distance, not the time' principle 3. Changing speed and direction to create try-scoring opportunities. Using the players to catch the delivery. 1.Identify be marke agility to consister appropria	ying players that need to ed 2. Use speed and stay with an opponent 3. ently mark in an ate position. 1. Introduce the drop shot 2. Demonstrate a drop shot in isolated situations 3. Deceive your opponent to win a point using a drop shot	Remember and perform a simple phrase incorporating at least 3 actions 2. Use expression in a dance phrase 3. Develop movement action phrase in a group of 4. Both opposed and in isolation, use different dodging skills 2. Describe the different ways of 'dodging' and which you could improve 3. (Some) – use dodging effectively to get away from opponents.	In same groups suggest and decide four criteria to judge sequences 2. Split into pairs to create a ten element sequence to be judged against chosen standards. Apply speed and accuracy to a penalty shot 2. Work as a team to attack rebounds from a penalty 3. Explain why certain areas of the goal are better than others to aim for.	Bowling the faster ball 2. Using the faster ball to deceive batters. Examine the link between height trajectory of a throw on distance 2. Use a variety of techniques including push, pull and sling 3. Work in a group to accurately record data for a range of equipment.
	increased range of actions 2. Identify appropriate dynamics and group formations for a Hakka dance performance 3. To perform with consistency throughout. 1. Recognise the difference between attacking and defensive tactics 2. Apply these tactics in games 3. Use the 'spaces not faces' idea to help their attacking play. distance as pairs t Explain h restrict ru 1. Chann away fror 2. Using players to Apply charge game.	and retrieve the ball over 2. Identify when to work to field long balls 3. how effective fielding can uns scored. nel opposition players om the middle of the pitch the banana run channel to your strong side 3. nannelling skills into a 1. Include a piece of equipment assigned to the group (For example: throw down spots, hoops, etc.) 2. Refine individual aspects of sequence including jumps, starting and finishing position and use of cannon 3. Perform sequence to an audience. 1. React quickly to play shots at the net. 2. Play in a game using net play when appropriate. 3. Score a doubles game with confidence	To develop a dance using an increased range of actions 2. Identify appropriate dynamics and group formations for a Hakka dance performance 3. To perform with consistency throughout. Practise pivoting 2. Use pivoting in a game to make more successful passes.	Work as part of a group to move collaboratively 2. Create pathways and patterns as a group 3. Use single action routines to develop pathway sequences. Devise a drill that develops the skill of attacking in pairs 2. Using STEP teach a skill to another group 3. Apply attacking in pairs skill to a game.	Track and retrieve the ball over distance 2. Identify when to work as pairs to field long balls 3. Explain how effective fielding can restrict rounders scored. Work in groups to set up running, throwing and jumping activities 2. Teach your activities to another group.
	5 1. To perform some basic street dance skills 2. To develop a short sequence including basic street dance positions 3. Interpret visual stimulus. 1. Communicating effectively when transitioning from attack to defence 2. Use agility and speed to help defend. 1. Demor difference drive 2. Duse difference game 3. / 1. Recognition with the communication of the commu	1. Devise pulse raising warm up which develops flexibility 2. Create a paired flight sequence demonstrating both unison and cannon 3. Recap unison in relation to gymnastics sequences. 1. Play using offensive court position for doubles. 2. Work in harmony with your partner to attack. 3. Use attacking principles to exploit the opponents' weakness.		1. To be able to work collaboratively with others 2. To be able to identify and use a variety of compositional ideas 3. To show an appropriate entrance to the performance. 1. As a defensive pair work to close down one attacker 2. Play the role of covering defender 3. Apply defensive roles into a game.	Identify when a fellow batter is at risk of being overtaken 2. Apply simple tactics to ensure all batters make it round bases 3. Apply the rule which states once you leave a base as a batter you must run on. Take part in a specific athletics events 2. Compete against others 3. Work collaboratively to judge other and record data.
	relationships in dance 2. Work as part of a pair to compose a street dance performance 3. Perform confidently with peers. 1. To work as a team to implement defending and attacking strategies 2. attacking attacking attacking attacking in dance 2. Work as a tatacking attacking attacking attacking attacking attacking in dance 2. Work as attacking attackin	a range of defensive and g tactics in a game 2. range of known cricketing a new game format 3. to bowl a variety of balls ayers out. ork cooperatively to ent attacking and ag strategies 2. Use 1. Select children to deliver warm-up activity from the previous lesson 2. Create a six element sequence including cannon unison, dismount (differentiated), a piece of equipment. 1. Umpire a game of badminton. 2. Compete and identify ways you can improve your play. 3. Defend in formation.		1. To be able to create a sequence to music 2. To be able to perform a sequence to an audience 3. To perform within a given time limit of 1 minute. 1. To work cooperatively to implement attacking and defending strategies 2. Use close control to keep possession of the	1. Use a range of defensive and attacking tactics in a game 2. Apply a range of simple rounders rules in a game 3. Play in on a full four base rounders game. 1. Take part in a specific athletics events 2. Compete against others 3. Work collaboratively to judge other and record data.



offering suggestions to improve an individual or teams' simple set plays 3. Demonstra previous skills learnt in games performance.	ball 3. Demonstrate previous skills learnt in games.	S
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